

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address. COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/226,396	01/06/1999	ARON GAT	AGX-14	1125
759	05/11/2005			
TIMOTHY A CASSIDY DORITY & MANNING P O BOX 1449			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, KIET TUAN	
GREENVILLE, SC 296021449			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2881	70
			DATE MAILED: 03/11/2003	V

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No. Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary	09/226,396 GAT et al					
The Figure 2 annually	Examiner L. Lavyen Group Art Unit 2881					
	18. NGV YEN 2881					
-The MAILING DATE of this communication appears of	on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address—					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE					
If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, Failure to reply within the set or extended period for specified.	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. te, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). By date of this communication, even if timely, may reduce any earned patent					
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on	02-19-03					
☐ This action is FINAL.	•					
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	r formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in					
Disposition of Claims						
# Claim(s) 32-33, 35-56 and 58	-73 is/are ponding in the smaller it					
Of the above claim(s)	is/are pending in the application. is/are withdrawn from consideration. is/are allowed. is/are rejected.					
60-73	is are allowed					
1 Claim(s) 32 -33, 35-56 and 58-5	is/are rejected					
	is/are objected to					
☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction or						
Application rapets	requirement					
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on is ☐ approved ☐ disapproved.						
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner						
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)						
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority unde	# 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d).					
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the:						
☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have	ve been received					
in this national stage application from the International Bun *Certified copies not received:	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))					
Attachment(s)	•					
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s)	□ Interview Company					
□ Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892						
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	□ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152					
1 a construction of attent blawing neview, PTO-948	□ Other					
Office Action Summary						

Objected Drawings

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the light energy sources being horizontally oriented with respect to the semiconductor wafer as recited in claim 51 must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Rejection Under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 32-33, 35-56 and 58-59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moslehi et al. (5,367,606). (See the reasons as indicated in the previous office action dated November 20, 2001 in Paper No. 12).

Claims 60-73 are allowed.

Applicant's arguments filed on December 16, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argued that Moslehi et al. (5,367,606) does not disclose at least one focusing lens as recited in claim 32; a laser diode as recited in claim 43; and the plurality of light energy sources horizontally oriented with respect to the wafer as recited in claim 51.

This argument is not persuasive. As stated in the previous office action, the focusing lens and the laser diode are considered to be obvious variation in design, since the focusing lens and the laser diode are well known in the art and in the optical light system for focusing the light beam produced from the light source, thus would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use the laser diode and the focusing lens in the Moslehi et al. apparatus for uniformly localizing, focusing and heating the wafer as Moslehi et al. disclose the multi-zone illuminator allowing uniform wafer heating during both transient and steady-state wafer heating cycles.

Orienting horizontally the plurality of light energy sources with respect to the wafer is also considered to be obvious variation in design, since both orienting vertically and horizontally light sources with respect to the wafer have the same results for heating the wafer, thus would have

Art Unit: 2881 Paper No. 20

been obvious to one skilled in the art to orient horizontally the plurality of light energy sources with respect to the wafer in the Moslehi et al. apparatus for uniformly heating the wafer.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner *Kiet T. Nguyen* whose telephone number is (703) 308-4855.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9317.

K.T.N/Primary March 9, 2003

> KIET T. NGUYEN PRIMARY EXAMINER